

# QBR Series, 150 Watt

*¼ Brick DC/DC Converter with 10:1 Input*



Typical Unit

The QBR series of isolated, regulated converter modules deliver an impressive 150W output power from an ultra-wide 10:1 input voltage range, complying with the 24V to 110V input battery voltages including transients as per EN50155 (2017) standard. The converter comes in a fully encased industry standard quarter brick package offering astonishing efficiencies. The fully isolated (4242Vdc) QBR series features a 16 to 160 Volt DC input voltage range. Typical applications include industrial, railway and transportation. The QBR is an isolated power converter and fixed frequency operations means excellent efficiencies of up to 89%. A wealth of electronic protection features include input under voltage lockout, output over voltage protection, output current limit, short circuit hiccup, Vout overshoot, and over temperature shutdown.

The QBR series is designed to meet all UL and IEC emissions, safety certifications.

## Safety Features

- Reinforced insulation
- UL 60950-1, 2nd Edition
- IEC 60950-1, 2nd Edition
- RoHS compliant

## Features

- Efficiency up to 89% @ 72Vin, 12Vout
- Ultra-wide input range: 16V-160V
- Output voltage: 12V, 24V or 54V
- Vout trim
- Output power 150W
- Package Dimension (inches):  
2.41 x 1.56 x 0.51, standard quarter-brick
- OVP, OCP, OTP
- Positive or Negative Remote ON/OFF
- Operating Baseplate Temperature range:  
-40°C to +100°C
- 4242VDC input to output isolation, reinforced
- Hold Up Time (10-30mS, with external Cap)
- UVLO Set up (resistor programmable)
- Meets requirements for EN50155



## Table of Contents

Part Number Selection Table .....	2
Part Number Structure .....	2
Functional Specifications, 72WS12.150QBR .....	3
Typical Performance Data: 72WS12.150QBR .....	6
Functional Specifications, 72WS24.150QBR .....	8
Functional Specifications, 72WS54.150QBR .....	13

Mechanical Specifications .....	18
Technical Notes .....	20
Qualification Tests .....	26
Conducted Emissions Test Results .....	26
EMI Filter, Schematic & Parts List .....	27

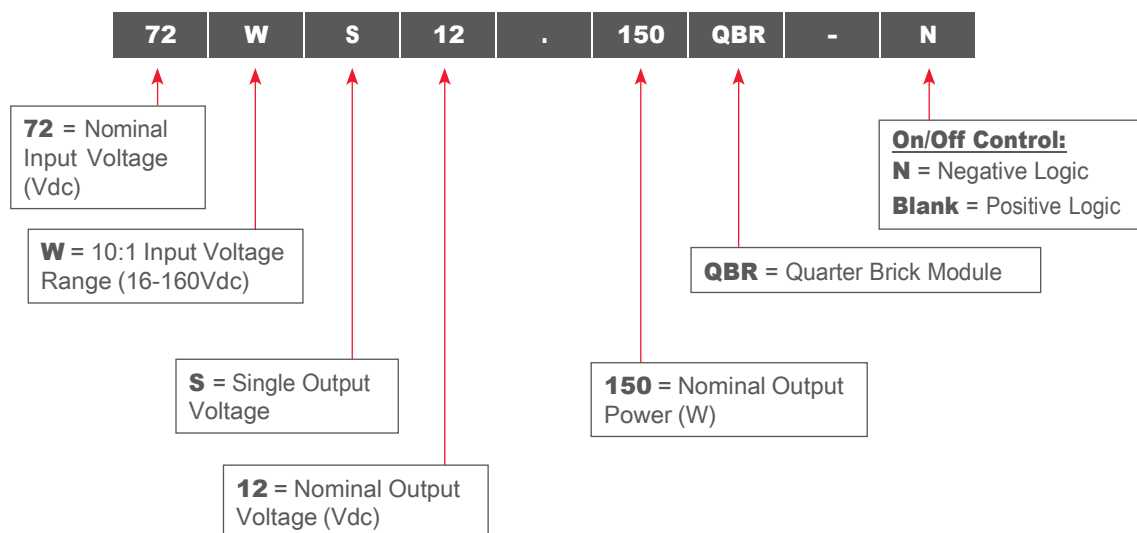
## Part Number Selection Table

Voltage (Vdc)			Current			Efficiency	Ripple & Noise	Regulation	Capacitive Load	Root Model
Input	Output		Input	Output						
Vin Nom	Vin Range	Vout Nom	No Load (mA)	Max Load (A)	Io Max (A)	Typical at Max Load (%)	Typical (mVp-p)	Line / Load Max (%)	Max. C external (μF)	Basic Model without option
72	16-160	12	60	12	12.5	89	100	±0.5%/±0.5%	2200	72WS12.150QBR
		24	70	12	6.25	89	100	±0.25%/±0.25%	1500	72WS24.150QBR
		54	70	12	2.80	89	400	±0.25%/±0.25%	470	72WS54.150QBR

### Product Ordering Notes:

- Please refer to the Part Number Structure when ordering.
- All specifications are at nominal line voltage and full load, +25°C unless otherwise noted. See detailed specifications. Output capacitors are 1μF ceramic multilayer in parallel with 10μF. I/O caps are necessary for our test equipment and may not be needed for your application.
- Regulation specifications describe output voltage deviations from a nominal/midpoint value to either extreme (50% load step).

## Part Number Structure



**NOTE:** Some model number combinations may not be available. Please contact CALEX.

## Functional Specifications, 72WS12.150QBR

Absolute Maximum Ratings		Notes and Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Input Voltage						
Non-Operating	Continuous	0		175	Vdc	
Operating	Continuous	16		160	Vdc	
Transient Operating	100mS			170	Vdc	
Operating Ambient Temperature		-40		85	°C	
Operating Baseplate Temperature		-40		100	°C	
Storage Temperature		-55		125	°C	
Altitude				3000	m	
Input/Output Isolation Voltage				4242	Vdc	
Voltage at ON/OFF input pin		0		15	Vdc	
General conditions for device under Test unless otherwise specified: Ambient temperature +25°C; Vin typical; Vout nominal load; Encapsulated Package; With 1µF&10µF capacitors across output pins.						
Input Characteristics						
Operating Input Voltage Range		16	72	160	Vdc	
Input Under-Voltage Lockout						
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		14.0	15.0	16.0	Vdc	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		11.0	12.0	13.0	Vdc	
Lockout Voltage Hysteresis			3		Vdc	
Maximum Input Current	Full Load, Vin=16V			12	A	
No-Load Input Current	Vin=72V		40	60	mA	
Disabled Input Current (N suffix)			10	15	mA	
Disabled Input Current (Blank suffix)			10	15	mA	
Input Reflected Ripple Current	RMS thru 220µF/250V, 12µF across source, 33µF/250V external capacitors across input pins		100	150	mArms	
Input Terminal Ripple Current	RMS, 20MHz bandwidth		4.5	5	Arms	
Recommended Input Fuse	See Technical Notes.		--		A	
Recommended External Input Capacitance	See Figure 4 in the Technical Notes.		220		µF	
Recommended BUS Capacitance	2pcs 120µF/250Vdc and MPN is EKXJ251ELL121ML25S. See Figure 4.		240		µF	
Inrush Current (I²t)			25	30	A²S	
Output Characteristics						
Total Output Power	See Derating		150	150	W	
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=Nominal, Io=0A, Ta=25°C	11.88	12	12.12	Vdc	
Output Voltage Regulation						
Over Load	Vin=72V, Iout from Min to Max		±0.5		%	
Over Line	Iout=Full load, Vin from Min to Max		±0.5		%	
Over Temperature	Vin=72V, Ta=-40°Cto 85°C		±0.004	±0.01	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range		11.64		12.36	Vdc	

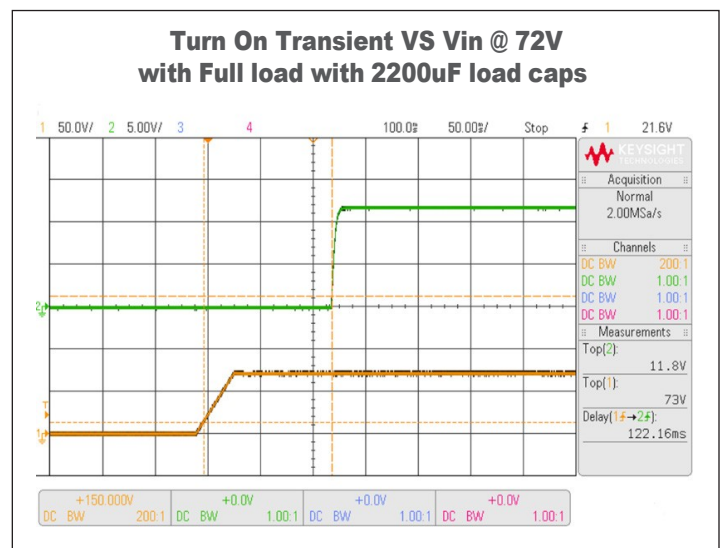
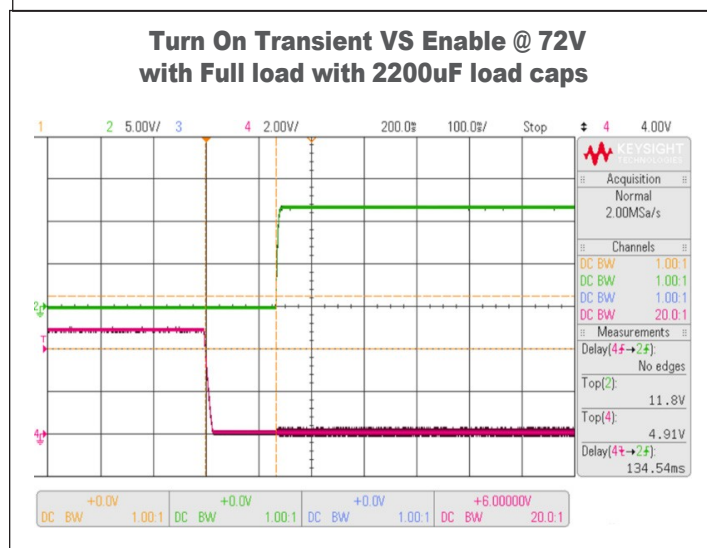
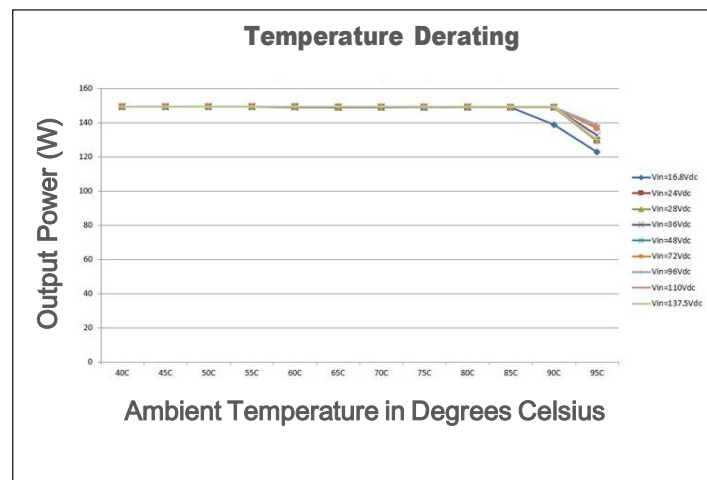
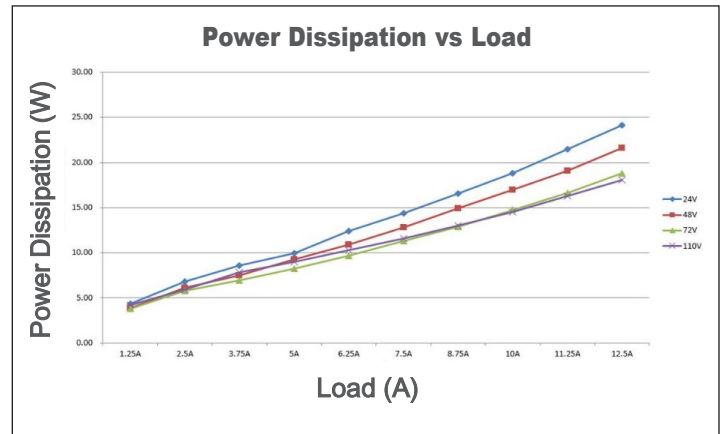
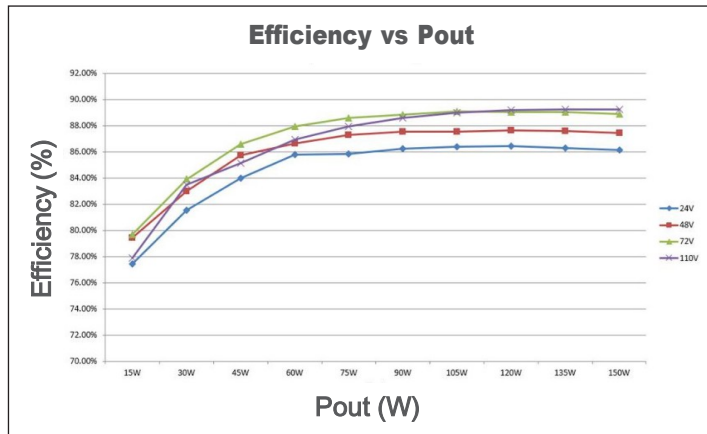
## Functional Specifications, 72WS12.150QBR (continued)

<b>Output Voltage Ripple and Noise</b>		20MHz bandwidth			
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic, 10 $\mu$ F tantalum		100	160	mVp-p
RMS	Full Load, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic, 10 $\mu$ F tantalum		30	50	mVrms
Peak-to-Peak	All conditions, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic, 10 $\mu$ F tantalum		100	160	mVp-p
RMS	All conditions, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic, 10 $\mu$ F tantalum		30	50	mVrms
Operating Output Current Range		0	12.5	12.5	A
Output DC Current-Limit Inception		Output Voltage 10% Low	14	18	A
Output Capacitance		Nominal Vout at full load (CR load)	0		2200 $\mu$ F
<b>Programmable Undervoltage Lockout:</b>		(via R uvlo)			
24Vin : Ruvlo = open	Vin_OFF	11.0	12.0	13.0	Vdc
	Vin_ON	14.0	15.0	16.0	Vdc
36Vin : Ruvlo = 20.5k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	19.5	20.5	21.5	Vdc
	Vin_ON	22.5	23.5	24.5	Vdc
48Vin : Ruvlo = 10.7k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	28.0	29.0	30.0	Vdc
	Vin_ON	31.0	32.0	33.0	Vdc
72Vin : Ruvlo = 5.9k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	41.5	43.0	44.5	Vdc
	Vin_ON	44.5	46.0	47.5	Vdc
96Vin : Ruvlo = 3.74k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	58.5	60.5	62.5	Vdc
	Vin_ON	61.8	63.8	65.8	Vdc
110Vin : Ruvlo = 3.48k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	62.3	64.3	66.3	Vdc
	Vin_ON	65.3	67.3	69.3	Vdc
<b>Efficiency</b>					
100% Load	Vin=72V		89		%
50% Load	Vin=72V		88		%
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>					
<b>Output Voltage During Load Current Transient</b>					
Step Change in Output Current (1A/ $\mu$ S)	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max, 1 $\mu$ F+10 $\mu$ F load cap		250	400	mV
Settle Time	To within 1% Vout nom		75	150	$\mu$ S
<b>Turn-On Transient</b>					
Start-up Time, From ON/OFF Control	To Vout=90% nominal			460	mS
Start-up Time, From Input	To Vout=90% nominal			460	mS
Rise Time	Time from 10% to 90% of nominal output voltage			25	mS
Output Voltage Overshoot				2	%
<b>Isolation Characteristics</b>	<b>Notes and Conditions</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
Insulation Safety Rating			Reinforced		
Input to Output			4242		Vdc
Input to Baseplate			2250		Vdc

## Functional Specifications, 72WS12.150QBR (continued)

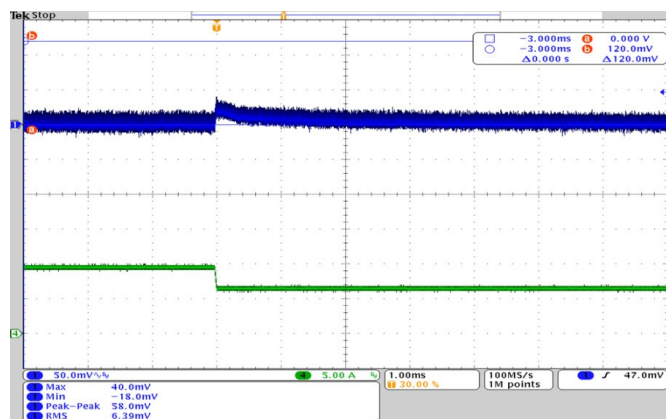
Output to Baseplate			2250		Vdc
Isolation Resistance	Input/Output		20		MΩ
Isolation Capacitance	Input/Output		750		pF
Temperature Limits for Power Derating Curves					
Semiconductor Junction Temperature				Tjmax-25	°C
Board Temperature	UL rated max operating temp 130°C			130	°C
Transformer/Inductor Temperature				130	°C
Feature Characteristics					
Switching Frequency		190	210	230	kHz
ON/OFF Control (Blank suffix)					
Off-State Voltage		0		0.7	V
On-State Voltage	Open the ON/OFF pin = ON	2		15	V
ON/OFF Control (N suffix)					
Off-State Voltage	Open the ON/OFF pin = OFF	2		15	V
On-State Voltage		0		0.7	V
ON/OFF Control Current (Either Option)					
Current thru ON/OFF pin	Von/off=0V		1	2	mA
Current thru ON/OFF pin	Von/off=15V			1	mA
Remote Sense Compensation			10		%
Output Voltage Trim Range	Pout<=Max rated power	-10		10	%
Trim Up Equations	Please see TRIM functions in Technical Notes				
Trim Down Equations	Please see TRIM functions in Technical Notes				
Output Over-Voltage Protection	Hiccup mode; over full temp range; % of nominal Vout	115	125	150	%
Over-Temperature Shutdown					
With Baseplate			125		°C
Restart Hysteresis			6		°C
Reliability/Safety/Environmental					
Safety	Certified to UL 60950-1, IEC 60950-1, 2nd Edition		Yes		
Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR332, Issue 2, Method 1, Class 1		1.48		MHrs
Conducted Emissions	External filter is required, see Technical Notes	EN55022/CISPR22 CLASS B			
Mechanical					
Outline Dimensions (Please refer to outline drawing)	L x W x H	2.41 x 1.56 x 0.512			Inches
	L x W x H	61.21 x 39.62 x 13.0			mm
Weight			3		Ounces
			90		Grams
Through Hole Pin Diameter			0.04&0.06		Inches

## Typical Performance Data: 72WS12.150QBR

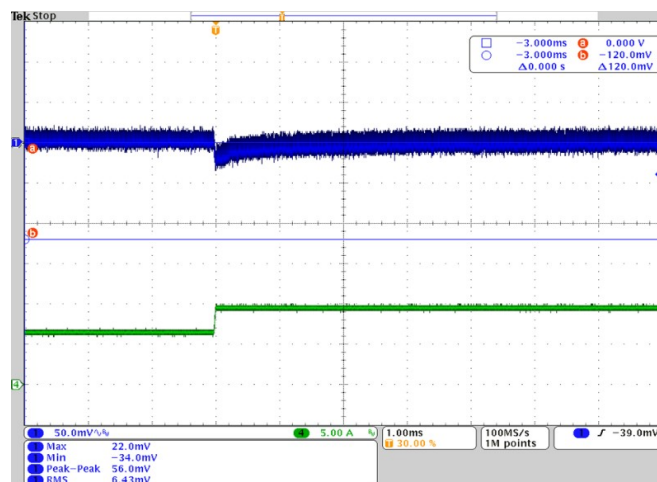


## Typical Performance Data: 72WS12.150QBR (continued)

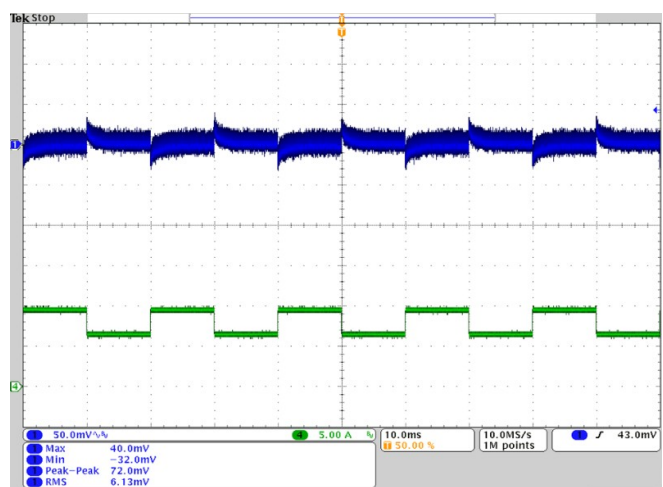
**Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )**



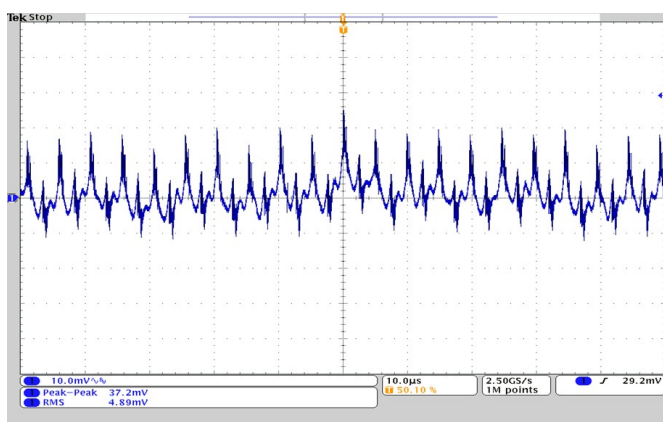
**Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )**



**Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )**



**Output Ripple@20MHz BW,  
 $V_{in} = 72V_{dc}$ , Full Load with 2200uF output capacitance**



## Functional Specifications, 72WS24.150QBR

Absolute Maximum Ratings		Notes and Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Input Voltage						
Non-Operating	Continuous	0		175	Vdc	
Operating	Continuous	16		160	Vdc	
Transient Operating	100mS	14.4		168	Vdc	
Operating Ambient Temperature		-40		85	°C	
Operating Baseplate Temperature		-40		100	°C	
Storage Temperature		-55		125	°C	
Input/Output Isolation Voltage				4242	Vdc	
Voltage at ON/OFF input pin		0		15	Vdc	
General conditions for device under Test unless otherwise specified: Ambient temperature +25°C; Vin typical; Vout nominal load; Encapsulated Package; With 1µF&10µF capacitors across output pins.						
Input Characteristics						
Operating Input Voltage Range		16	72	160	Vdc	
Input Under-Voltage Lockout						
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		13.0	14.0	15.0	Vdc	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		11.0	12.0	13.0	Vdc	
Lockout Voltage Hysteresis			2		Vdc	
Maximum Input Current	Full Load, Vin=16V			12	A	
No-Load Input Current	Vin=72V		60	70	mA	
Disabled Input Current (N suffix)			10	15	mA	
Disabled Input Current (Blank suffix)			10	15	mA	
Input Reflected Ripple Current	RMS thru 220µF/250V, 12µF across source, 33µF/250V external capacitors across input pins		100	150	mArms	
Input Terminal Ripple Current	RMS, 20MHz bandwidth		4.5	5	Arms	
Recommended Input Fuse	Fast acting external fuse recommended		16		A	
Recommended External Input Capacitance	See Figure 4 in the Technical Notes.		220		µF	
Recommended BUS Capacitance	2pcs 120µF/250Vdc and MPN is EKXJ251ELL121ML25S. See Figure 4.		240		µF	
Inrush Current (I²t)			25	30	A²S	
Output Characteristics						
Total Output Power	See Derating		150	150	W	
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=Nominal, Io=0A, Ta=25°C	23.76	24	24.24	Vdc	
Output Voltage Regulation						
Over Load	Vin=72V, Iout from Min to Max		±0.25		%	
Over Line	Iout=Full load, Vin from Min to Max		±0.25		%	
Over Temperature	Vin=72V, Ta=-40°Cto 85°C		±0.004	±0.02	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life	23.28		24.72	Vdc	

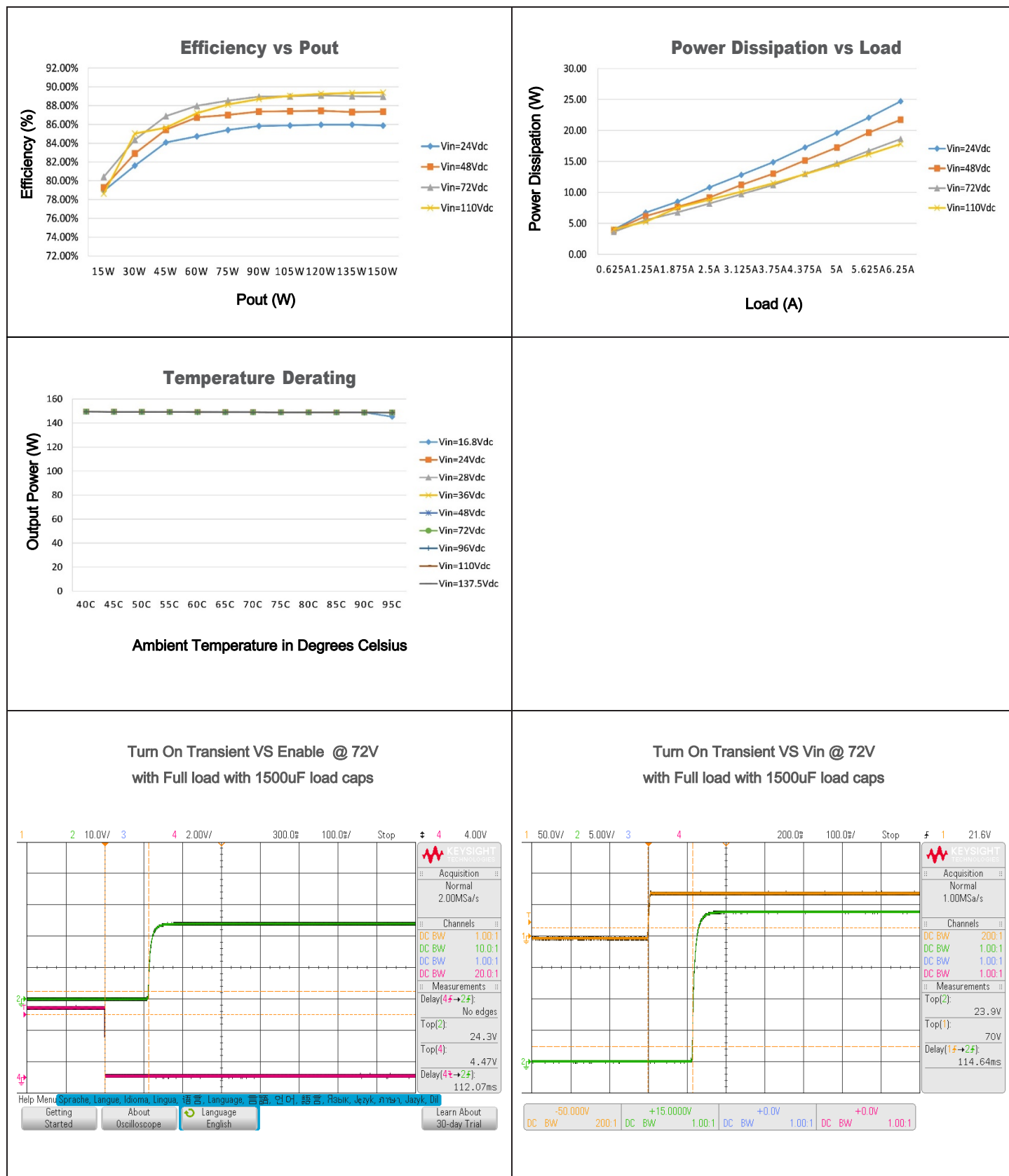
## Functional Specifications, 72WS24.150QBR (continued)

<b>Output Voltage Ripple and Noise</b>		20MHz bandwidth			
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic, 10 $\mu$ F tantalum		100	200	mVp-p
RMS	Full Load, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic, 10 $\mu$ F tantalum		30	50	mVrms
Peak-to-Peak	All conditions, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic, 10 $\mu$ F tantalum		100	200	mVp-p
RMS	All conditions, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic, 10 $\mu$ F tantalum		30	50	mVrms
Operating Output Current Range		0	6.25	6.25	A
Output DC Current-Limit Inception		Output Voltage 10% Low	7.5	9	11
Output Capacitance		Nominal Vout at full load (CR load)	0		1500
<b>Programmable Undervoltage Lockout:</b>		(via R uvlo)			
24Vin : Ruvlo = open	Vin_OFF	11.0	12.0	13.0	Vdc
	Vin_ON	13.0	14.0	15.0	Vdc
36Vin : Ruvlo = 12.7k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	21.0	22.0	23.0	Vdc
	Vin_ON	23.0	24.0	25.0	Vdc
48Vin : Ruvlo = 6.98k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	29.0	30.0	31.0	Vdc
	Vin_ON	31.0	32.0	33.0	Vdc
72Vin : Ruvlo = 3.92k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	42.5	44.0	45.5	Vdc
	Vin_ON	44.5	46.0	47.5	Vdc
96Vin : Ruvlo = 2.49k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	61.3	62.8	64.3	Vdc
	Vin_ON	63.3	64.8	66.3	Vdc
110Vin : Ruvlo = 2.37k $\Omega$	Vin_OFF	63.5	65.0	66.5	Vdc
	Vin_ON	65.5	67.0	68.5	Vdc
<b>Efficiency</b>					
100% Load	Vin=24V		85.5		%
100% Load	Vin=110V		89		%
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>					
<b>Output Voltage During Load Current Transient</b>					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/uS)	50%-75%-50% within 1% of Vout		150		uS
Peak Deviation			$\pm$ 250	$\pm$ 350	mV
<b>Turn-On Transient</b>					
Start-up Time, From ON/OFF Control	To Vout=90% nominal		50	460	mS
Start-up Time, From Input	To Vout=90% nominal		150	460	mS
Rise Time	Time from 10% to 90% of nominal output voltage			25	mS
Output Voltage Overshoot				2	%
<b>Isolation Characteristics</b>	<b>Notes and Conditions</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
Insulation Safety Rating			Reinforced		
Input to Output			4242		Vdc
Input to Baseplate			2250		Vdc
Output to Baseplate			2250		Vdc

## Functional Specifications, 72WS24.150QBR (continued)

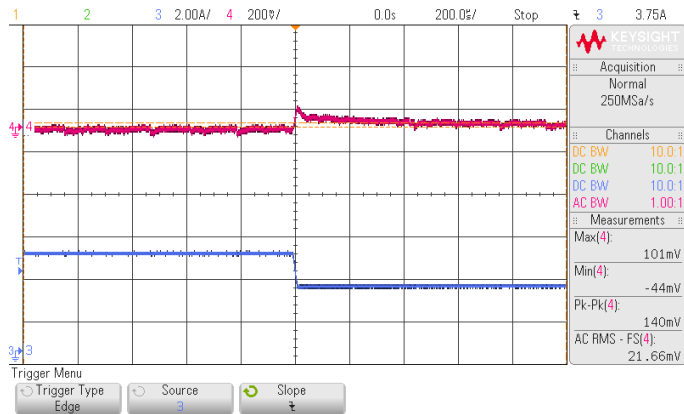
Isolation Resistance	Input/Output		20		MΩ
Isolation Capacitance	Input/Output		750		pF
Temperature Limits for Power Derating Curves					
Semiconductor Junction Temperature				Tjmax-25	°C
Board Temperature	UL rated max operating temp 130°C			130	°C
Transformer/Inductor Temperature				130	°C
Feature Characteristics					
Switching Frequency		252	280	308	kHz
ON/OFF Control (Blank suffix)					
Off-State Voltage		0		0.7	V
On-State Voltage	Open the ON/OFF pin = ON	2		15	V
ON/OFF Control (N suffix)					
Off-State Voltage	Open the ON/OFF pin = OFF	2		15	V
On-State Voltage		0		0.7	V
ON/OFF Control Current (Either Option)					
Current thru ON/OFF pin	Von/off=0V		1	2	mA
Current thru ON/OFF pin	Von/off=15V			1	mA
Remote Sense Compensation			10		%
Output Voltage Trim Range	Pout<=Max rated power	-10		10	%
Trim Up Equations	Please see TRIM functions in Technical Notes				
Trim Down Equations	Please see TRIM functions in Technical Notes				
Output Over-Voltage Protection	Hiccup mode; over full temp range; % of nominal Vout	28	29	31	Vdc
Over-Temperature Shutdown					
With Baseplate			125		°C
Restart Hysteresis			6		°C
Reliability/Safety/Environmental					
Safety	Certified to UL 60950-1, IEC 60950-1, 2nd Edition		Yes		
Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR332, Issue 2, Method 1, Class 1		1.48		MHrs
Conducted Emissions	External filter is required, see Technical Notes	EN55022/CISPR22 CLASS B			
Mechanical					
Outline Dimensions (Please refer to outline drawing)	L x W x H	2.41 x 1.56 x 0.512			Inches
	L x W x H	61.21 x 39.62 x 13.0			mm
Weight			3		Ounces
			90		Grams
Through Hole Pin Diameter			0.04 & 0.06		Inches

## Typical Performance Data: 72WS24.150QBR

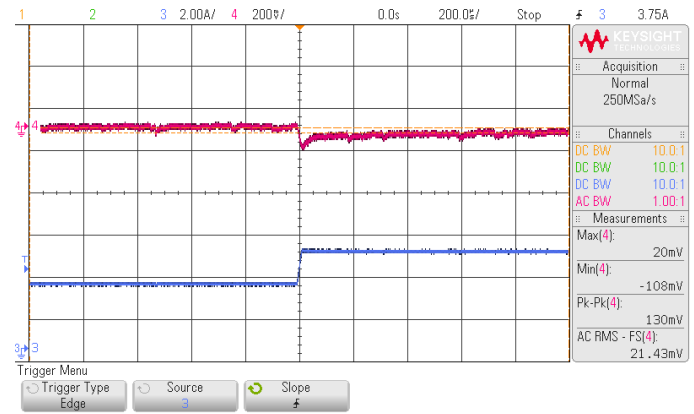


## Typical Performance Data: 72WS24.150QBR

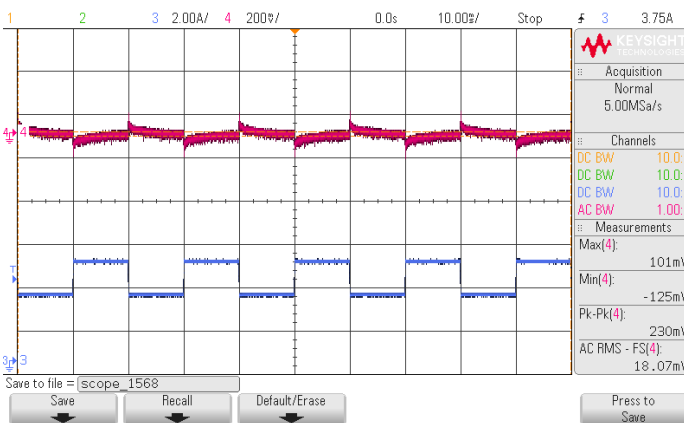
Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )



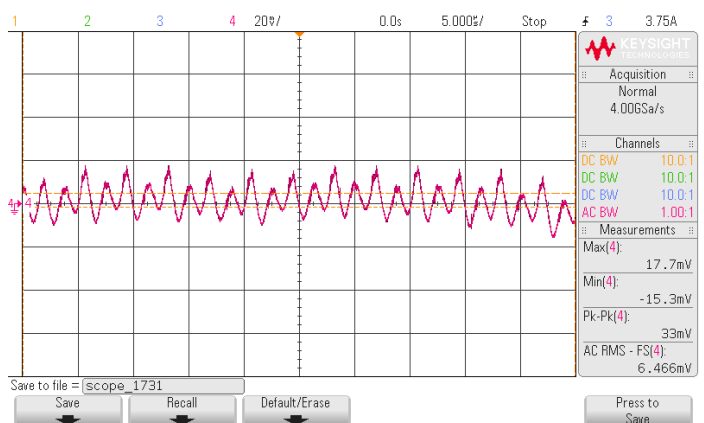
Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )



Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )



Output Ripple@20MHz BW,  
 $V_{in} = 72V_{dc}$ , Full Load with 2200uF output capacitance



## Functional Specifications, 72WS54.150QBR

Absolute Maximum Ratings	Notes and Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
<b>Input Voltage</b>					
Non-Operating	Continuous	0		175	Vdc
Operating	Continuous	16		160	Vdc
Transient Operating	100mS	14.4		168	Vdc
Operating Ambient Temperature		-40		85	°C
Operating Baseplate Temperature		-40		100	°C
Storage Temperature		-55		125	°C
Altitude				3000	m
Input/Output Isolation Voltage				4242	Vdc
Voltage at ON/OFF input pin		0		15	Vdc
General conditions for device under Test unless otherwise specified: Ambient temperature +25°C; Vin typical; Vout nominal load; Encapsulated Package; With 1µF&10µF capacitors across output pins.					
<b>Input Characteristics</b>					
Operating Input Voltage Range		16	72	160	Vdc
<b>Input Under-Voltage Lockout</b>					
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		13.0	14.0	15.0	Vdc
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		10.0	12.0	13.0	Vdc
Lockout Voltage Hysteresis			2		Vdc
Maximum Input Current	Full Load, Vin=16V			12	A
No-Load Input Current	Vin=72V		60	70	mA
Disabled Input Current (N suffix)			10	15	mA
Disabled Input Current (Blank suffix)			10	15	mA
Input Reflected Ripple Current	RMS thru 220µF/250V, 12µF across source, 33µF/250V external capacitors across input pins		1200	1500	mA
Back Ripple Current (w/o filtering)			6500	7500	mA
Input Terminal Ripple Current	RMS, 20MHz bandwidth		17		mA
Short Circuit Input Current			0.06		A
Recommended Input Fuse	See Technical Notes		--		
Recommended External Input Capacitance	See Figure 4 in the Technical Notes.		220		µF
Recommended BUS Capacitance	2pcs 120µF/250Vdc and MPN is EKXJ251ELL121ML25S. See Figure 4.		240		µF
Inrush Current (I <sub>2t</sub> )			20		A <sup>2</sup> S
<b>Output Characteristics</b>					
Total Output Power	See Derating		150	150	W
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=Nominal, Io=0A, Ta=25°C	53.46	54	54.54	Vdc
<b>Output Voltage Regulation</b>					
Over Load	Vin=72V, Iout from Min to Max		±0.25		%

## Functional Specifications, 72WS54.150QBR (continued)

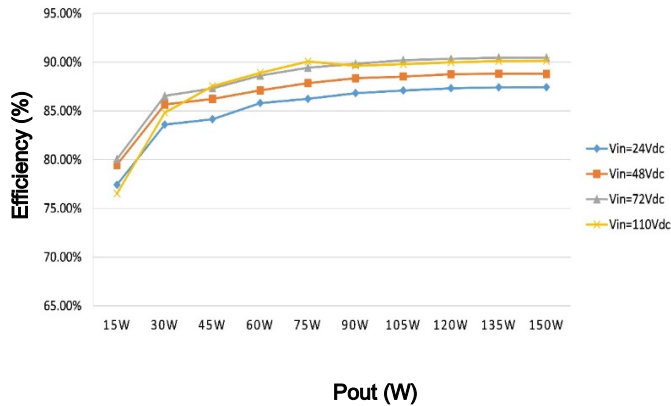
Over Line	I <sub>out</sub> =Full load, V <sub>in</sub> from Min to Max		±0.25		%
Over Temperature	V <sub>in</sub> =72V, T <sub>a</sub> =-40°C to 85°C		±0.02		mV
Total Output Voltage Range	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life	52.38		55.62	V <sub>dc</sub>
<b>Output Voltage Ripple and Noise</b>					
	20MHz bandwidth				
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum		400	500	mVp-p
RMS	Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum		30	50	mV
Operating Output Current Range		0	2.8	2.8	A
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	Output Voltage 10% Low	3.3	4.1	5.5	A
Output Capacitance	Nominal V <sub>out</sub> at full load (CR load)	0		470	µF
<b>Programmable Undervoltage Lockout:</b>					
	(via R <sub>uvlo</sub> )				
24V <sub>in</sub> : R <sub>uvlo</sub> = open	V <sub>in_OFF</sub>	11.0	12.0	13.0	V <sub>dc</sub>
	V <sub>in_ON</sub>	13.0	14.0	15.0	V <sub>dc</sub>
36V <sub>in</sub> : R <sub>uvlo</sub> = 12.7kΩ	V <sub>in_OFF</sub>	21.0	22.0	23.0	V <sub>dc</sub>
	V <sub>in_ON</sub>	23.0	24.0	25.0	V <sub>dc</sub>
48V <sub>in</sub> : R <sub>uvlo</sub> = 6.98kΩ	V <sub>in_OFF</sub>	29.0	30.0	31.0	V <sub>dc</sub>
	V <sub>in_ON</sub>	31.0	32.0	33.0	V <sub>dc</sub>
72V <sub>in</sub> : R <sub>uvlo</sub> = 3.92kΩ	V <sub>in_OFF</sub>	42.5	44.0	45.5	V <sub>dc</sub>
	V <sub>in_ON</sub>	44.5	46.0	47.5	V <sub>dc</sub>
96V <sub>in</sub> : R <sub>uvlo</sub> = 2.49kΩ	V <sub>in_OFF</sub>	61.3	62.8	64.3	V <sub>dc</sub>
	V <sub>in_ON</sub>	63.3	64.8	66.3	V <sub>dc</sub>
110V <sub>in</sub> : R <sub>uvlo</sub> = 2.37kΩ	V <sub>in_OFF</sub>	63.5	65.0	66.5	V <sub>dc</sub>
	V <sub>in_ON</sub>	65.5	67.0	68.5	V <sub>dc</sub>
<b>Efficiency</b>					
100% Load	V <sub>in</sub> =24V		85		%
100% Load	V <sub>in</sub> =110V		89		%
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>					
<b>Output Voltage During Load Current Transient</b>					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs)	50%-75%-50% within 1% of V <sub>out</sub>		150		µs
Peak Deviation			±200	±400	mV
<b>Turn-On Transient</b>					
Start-up Time, From ON/OFF Control	To V <sub>out</sub> =90% nominal		50	460	mS
Start-up Time, From Input	To V <sub>out</sub> =90% nominal		150	460	mS
Rise Time	Time from 10% to 90% of nominal output voltage			100	mS
Output Voltage Overshoot				2	%
<b>Isolation Characteristics</b>	<b>Notes and Conditions</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
Insulation Safety Rating			Reinforced		
Input to Output			4242		V <sub>dc</sub>

## Functional Specifications, 72WS54.150QBR (continued)

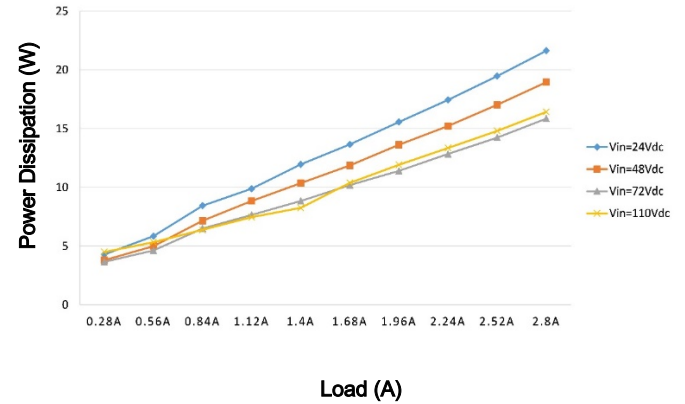
Input to Baseplate			2250		Vdc
Output to Baseplate			2250		Vdc
Isolation Resistance	Input/Output		20		MΩ
Isolation Capacitance	Input/Output		750		pF
Temperature Limits for Power Derating Curves					
Semiconductor Junction Temperature				Tjmax-25	°C
Board Temperature	UL rated max operating temp 130°C			130	°C
Transformer/Inductor Temperature				130	°C
Feature Characteristics					
Switching Frequency		230	255	280	kHz
ON/OFF Control (Blank suffix)					
Off-State Voltage		0		0.7	V
On-State Voltage	Open the ON/OFF pin = ON	2		15	V
ON/OFF Control (N suffix)					
Off-State Voltage	Open the ON/OFF pin = OFF	2		15	V
On-State Voltage		0		0.7	V
ON/OFF Control Current (Either Option)					
Current thru ON/OFF pin	Von/off=0V		1	2	mA
Current thru ON/OFF pin	Von/off=15V			1	mA
Remote Sense Compensation			4		%
Output Voltage Trim Range	Pout<=Max rated power	-20		10	%
Trim Up Equations	Please see TRIM functions in Technical Notes				
Trim Down Equations	Please see TRIM functions in Technical Notes				
Output Over-Voltage Protection	Hiccup mode; over full temp range; % of nominal Vout	115	125	150	%
Over-Temperature Shutdown					
With Baseplate			125		°C
Restart Hysteresis			6		°C
Reliability/Safety/Environmental					
Safety	Certified to UL 60950-1, IEC 60950-1, 2nd Edition		Yes		
Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR332, Issue 2, Method 1, Class 1		1.48		MHrs
Conducted Emissions	External filter is required, see Technical Notes	EN55022/CISPR22 CLASS B			
Mechanical					
Outline Dimensions (Please refer to outline drawing)	L x W x H	2.41 x 1.56 x 0.512			Inches
	L x W x H	61.21 x 39.62 x 13.0			mm
Weight			3		Ounces
			90		Grams
Through Hole Pin Diameter			0.04&0.06		Inches

## Typical Performance Data: 72WS54.150QBR

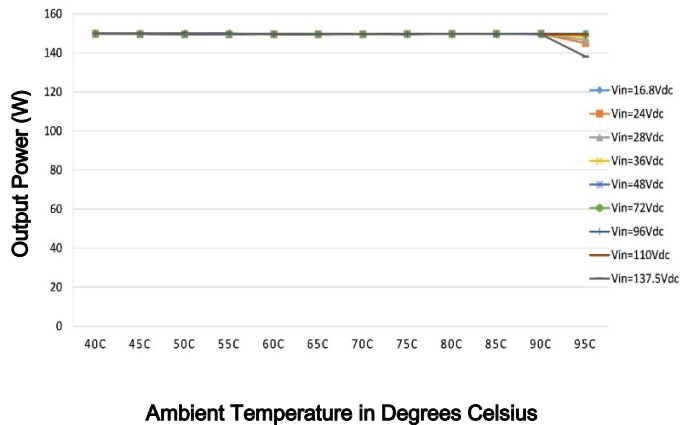
### Efficiency vs Pout



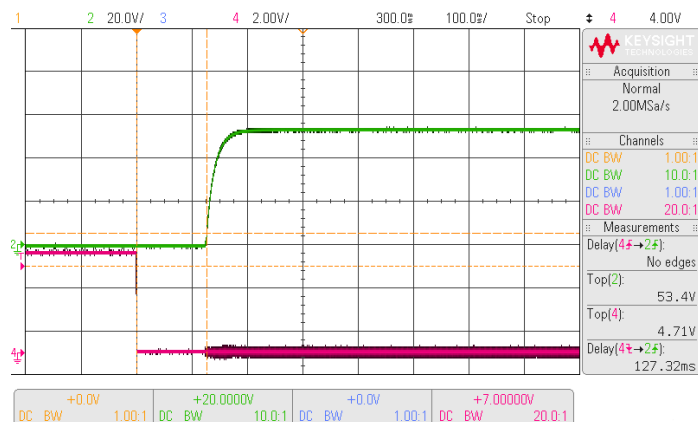
### Power Dissipation vs Load



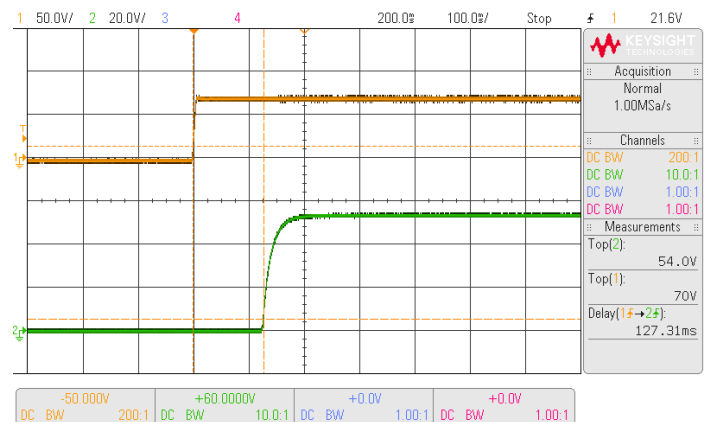
### Temperature Derating



### Turn On Transient VS Enable @ 72V with Full load with 470uF load caps

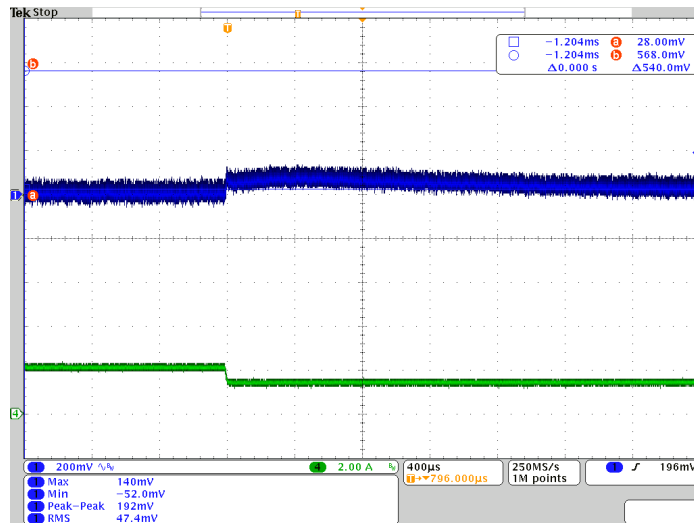


### Turn On Transient VS Vin @ 72V with Full load with 470uF load caps

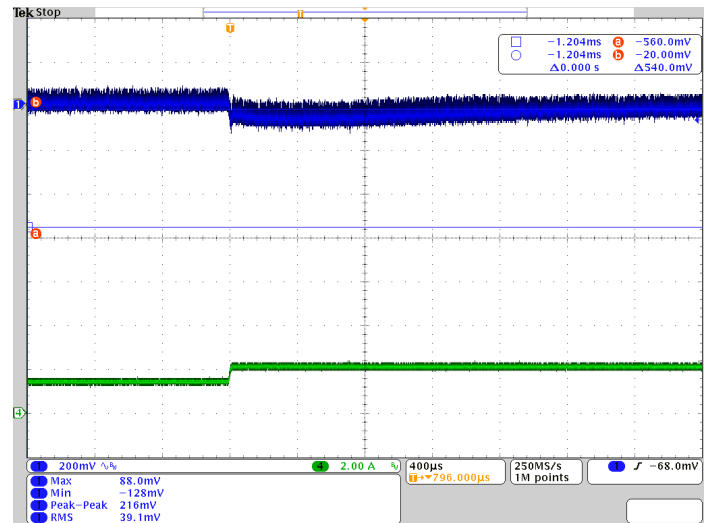


## Typical Performance Data: 72WS54.150QBR

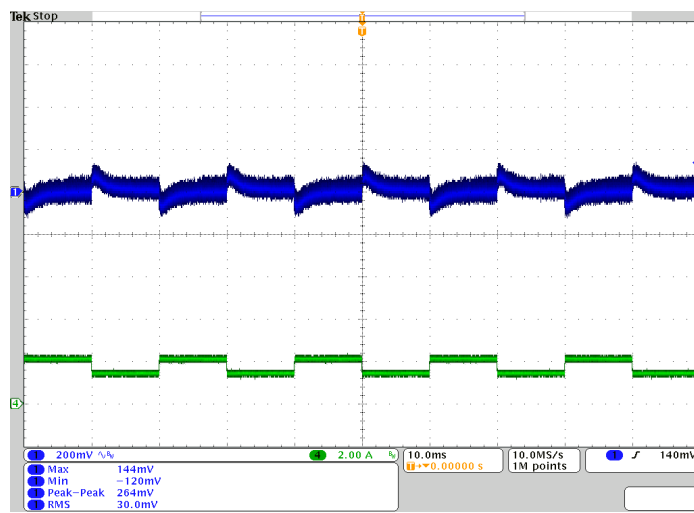
Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )



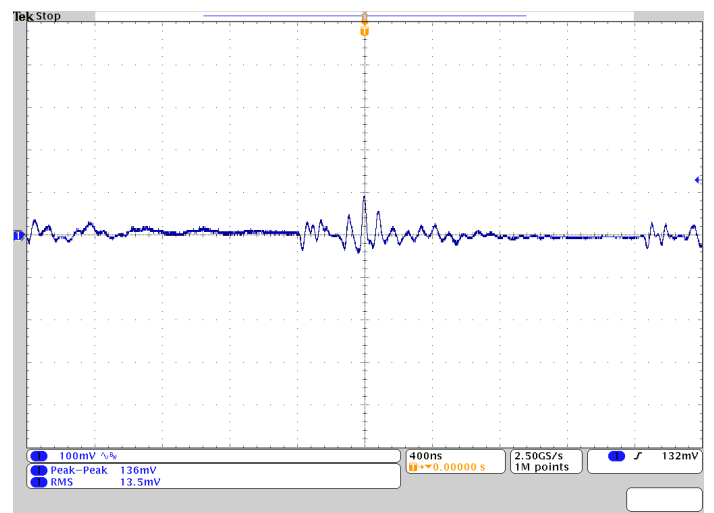
Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )



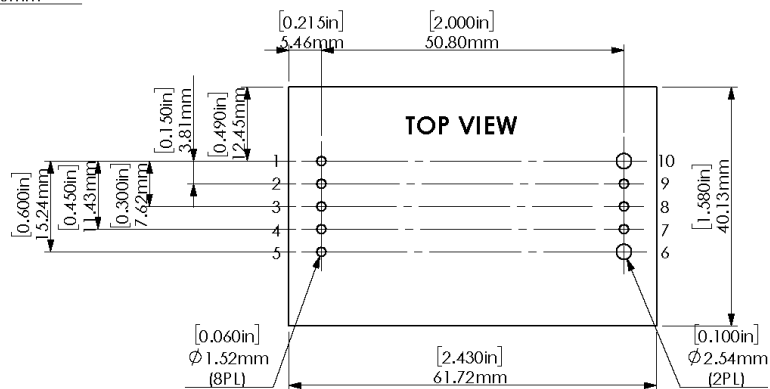
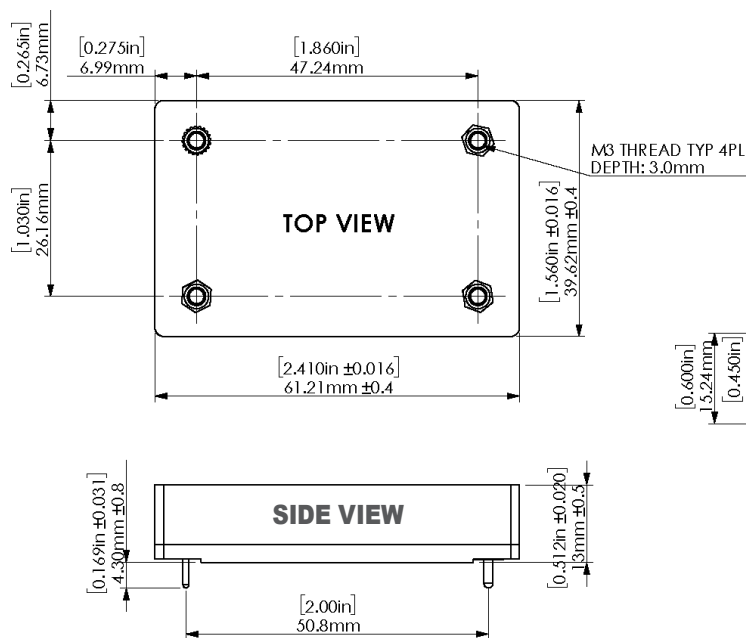
Output voltage response to step-change in load current  
(50%-75%-50% of full load;  $di/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$ )



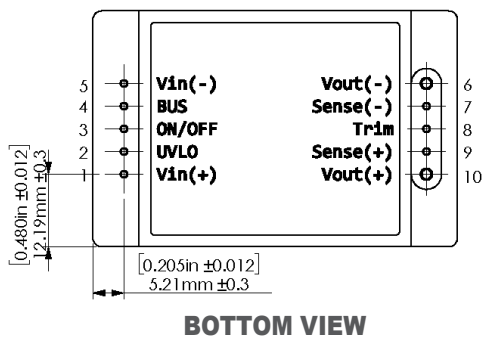
Output Ripple@20MHz BW,  
 $V_{in} = 72V_{dc}$ , Full Load with 470uF output capacitance



## Mechanical Specifications



### RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT



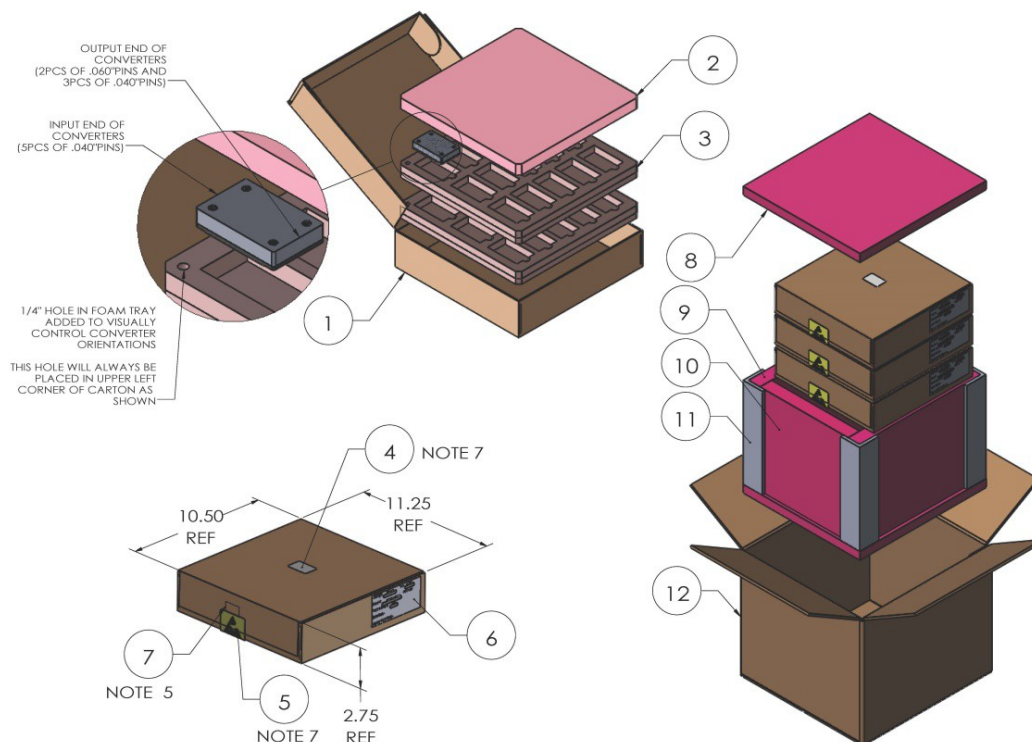
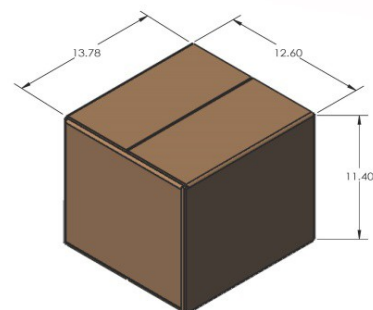
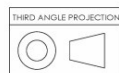
INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS		
Pin	Designation	Function
1	Vin (+)	Positive Input
2	UVLO	Under Voltage Lockout
3	ON/OFF	ENABLE
4	BUS	BUS Voltage
5	Vin (-)	Negative Input
6	Vout (-)	Negative Output
7	Sense (-)	Sense (-)
8	Trim	Trim
9	Sense (+)	Sense (+)
10	Vout (+)	Positive Output

NOTES:  
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:  
1: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MILLIMETER].  
2: ALL TOLERANCES:  
x.xxxin, ±0.02in (x.xxxmm, ±0.5mm),  
x.xxxin, ±0.01in (x.xxxmm, ±0.25mm).  
3: APPLIED TORQUE PER SCREW SHOULD NOT EXCEED 5.3in-lb (0.6Nm).  
4: PIN 1-5, 7-9: DIA 0.040in PINS: COPPER ALLOY,  
PIN 6, 10: DIA 0.060in PINS: COPPER ALLOY,  
FINISH: GOLD (5u" MIN) OVER NICKEL (100u" MIN).

## Shipping Box and Tray Dimensions

ITEM NO. (7770546)	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	2300208	SHIPPING BOX, 10" X 10" X 2.50"	3
2	2300221	SHIPPING TRAY BASE (PAD), .75" THICK	3 (NOTE 8)
3	2300234	SHIPPING TRAY, 1/4 BRICK (15 CAVITY)	6
4	2300159	LABEL, 1.0" X 1.5" PAPER	3
5	5600-01098-0	LABEL, PRE-PRINTED ESD ATTENTION	3
6	5652-01166-0	LABEL, PAPER, 2.0" X 4.0"	3 (NOTE 6)
7	6200-01211-0	ESD TAPE, 3/4" WIDE	1.0'
8	6256-01125-0	ESD PAD 335mm X 305mm	2
9	6256-01124-0	ESD PAD 335mm X 225mm	2
10	6256-01126-0	ESD PAD 255mm X 225mm	2
11	6256-01127-0	RIGHT ANGLE CLIP	4
12	6256-01128-0	OUTER PACKAGE CARTON	1

ITEM NUMBERS REFER TO 7770546 BOM. ITEMS ABOVE ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY, REFER TO APPROPRIATE BOM FOR COMPLETE LIST OF PARTS



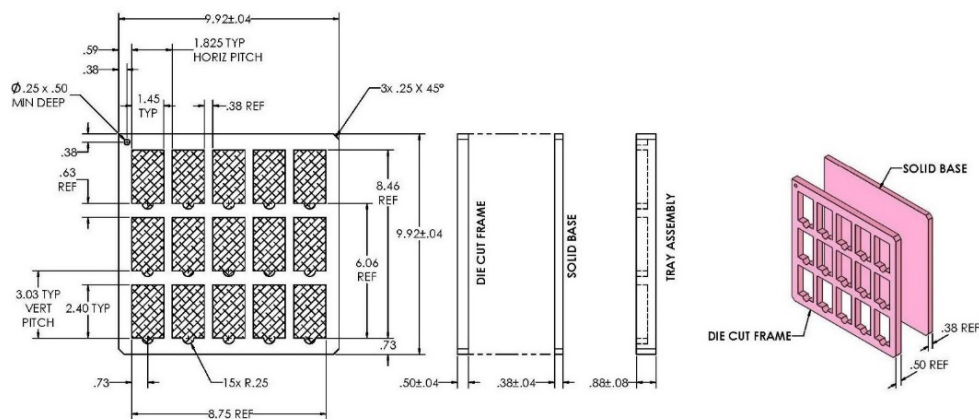
### NOTES:

1. THIS DOCUMENT DEFINES THE GENERAL PACKING RULES FOR APPLICABLE SHIPPING KIT. INFORMATION FOR SEALING AND MARKING IS NOT PART OF THIS DOCUMENT.
2. REFER TO SHIPPING KIT BOM DETAILS.
3. INSERT UNITS INTO FOAM POCKETS IN TRAYS APPROX AS SHOWN
4. EACH FOAM TRAY (ITEM 3) CONTAINS 15 UNITS. EACH BOX (ITEM 1) CONTAINS 30 UNITS. IN FULL CARTON ITEM 12 QUANTITIES, 3 BOXES (ITEM 1) EQUAL A TOTAL OF 90 UNITS.
5. IF SHIPPING QTY IS 30PCS, PLEASE ALSO USE ITEM 12 TO MAKE THE PACKAGE (TWO EMPTY BOX ITEM 1 PUT ON THE BOX ITEM 1 WITH PRODUCTS).
6. FRONT FLAP SHALL BE SEALED WITH ESD TAPE SPECIFIED OR EQUIVALENT AFTER THE BOX IS CLOSED.
7. LABEL (ITEM 6) USED FOR MFR OVERPACK CARTON
8. APPLY ESD LABEL (ITEM 5) OVER TAPE USED TO SEAL BOX AND APPLY IDENTIFICATION LABEL (ITEM 4) APPROX AS SHOWN.
9. PAD (ITEM 2) MAY, AT MFR'S OPTION, BE EXCHANGED FOR THINNER PAD IF FOAM STACKUP EXCEEDS CARTON HEIGHT BY >1/8" OR ADDITIONAL PAD MAY BE ADDED IF STACKUP IS BELOW INSIDE CARTON HEIGHT BY >1/8".  
ALTERNATE PADS: 1/4" THK=2300216, 3/8" THK=2300218, 1/2" THK=2300219, 3/4" THK=2300221

### NOTES:

1. MATERIAL: DOW ETHAFOAM SELECT ANTI-STATIC, COLOR PINK, LOW DENSITY CLOSED CELL POLYETHYLENE FOAM
2. ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES
3. ASSEMBLY CONSISTS OF DIE-CUT FRAME WITH SOLID BASE, GLUED TOGETHER. GLUE NOT PERMITTED WITHIN CUTOUT POCKETS.

**MPQ = 30**

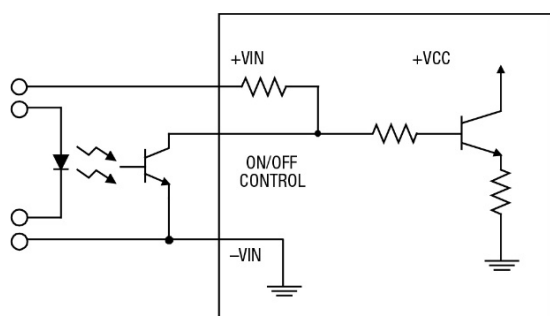


## Technical Notes

### On/Off Control

The input-side, remote On/Off Control function (pin 3) can be ordered to operate with either logic type:

Negative ("N" suffix): Negative-logic devices are off when pin 3 is left open (or pulled high, applying +2V to +15V), and on when pin 3 is pulled low (0 to 0.7V) with respect to – Input as shown in Figure 1.



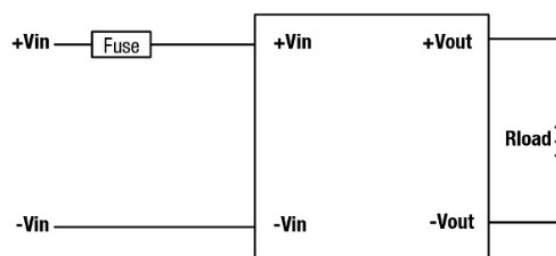
**Figure 1.** Driving the Negative Logic On/Off Control Pin

Dynamic control of the remote on/off function is best accomplished with a mechanical relay or an open-collector/ open-drain drive circuit (optically isolated if appropriate). The drive circuit should be able to sink appropriate current (see Performance Specifications) when activated and withstand appropriate voltage when deactivated. Applying an external voltage to pin 3 when no input power is applied to the converter can cause permanent damage to the converter.

### Input Fusing

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used when there is the possibility of sustained input voltage reversal which is not current-limited. For greatest safety, we recommend a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line.

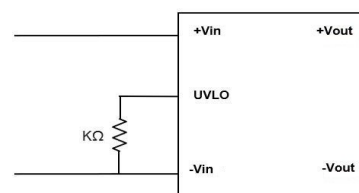
Vin	Fuse Rate Current
24V	15A fast
48V	8A fast
72V	5A fast
110V	3A fast



**Figure 2.** Input Fusing

### Input Under-Voltage Shutdown and Start-Up Threshold

Under normal start-up conditions, converters will not begin to regulate properly until the rising input voltage exceeds and remains at the Start-Up Threshold Voltage (see Specifications). Once operating, converters will not turn off until the input voltage drops below the Under-Voltage Shutdown Limit. Subsequent restart will not occur until the input voltage rises again above the Start-Up Threshold. This built-in hysteresis prevents any unstable on/off operation at a single input voltage. Figure 3 shows a typical configuration.



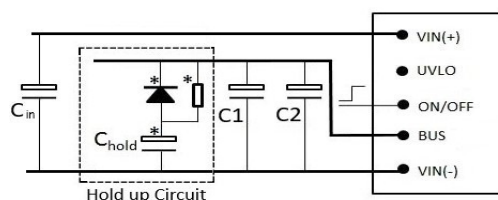
**Figure 3.** Under Voltage Lockout Configuration

The table below shows UVLO values for various nominal input voltages and the required resistor for each.

Nominal Vin	24V	36V	48V	72V	96V	110V
Turn-off Threshold	12±1V	20.5±1V	29±1V	43±1.5V	60.5±2V	64.3±2V
Turn-on threshold	15±1V	23.5±1V	32±1V	46±1.5V	63.8±2V	67.3±2V
UVLO External Resistor	open	20.5k	10.7k	5.9k	3.74k	3.48k

## Hold-Up Time and BUS Capacitor

The BUS pin is for hold-up time function. It is designed to work with an external circuit comprises a cap (Chold), a resistor and a diode. (Hold up time is defined as the duration of time that the DC/DC converter output will remain active following a loss of input power). When this function is activated, the module will use the energy stored in external circuit to support operation. Please note that the BUS pin is a voltage source output of 80Vdc to allow external capacitors to be connected in order to provide hold up power of the converter. After 80Vdc input, it tracks the DC input voltage range up to 160Vdc. A typical configuration is shown in Figure 4 below.



**Figure 4.** Connection of External Hold-up Circuit

**NOTE:** Two low ESR electrolytic BUS capacitors connected between BUS and Vin- are necessary for stability (C1 and C2 are 120 $\mu$ F/250V caps). A 220 $\mu$ F input capacitor (Cin) is also recommended between Vin+ and Vin-.

This function provides energy that maintains the DC/DC converter in operation for 10mS/20mS/30mS of hold-up time. The capacitance (Chold) in the application is recommended in the hold-up table below.

Hold up Time	24V	36V	48V	72V	96V	110V
10ms	1800uF	1800uF	1800uF	1800uF	550uF	330uF
20ms	3600uF	3600uF	3600uF	3600uF	1100uF	660uF
30ms	5400uF	5400uF	5400uF	5400uF	1650uF	990uF

**NOTE:** The resistor value recommended is 100ohm.

## Start-Up Time

Assuming that the output current is set at the rated maximum, the Vin to Vout Start-Up Time (see Specifications) is the time interval between the point when the rising input voltage crosses the Start-Up Threshold and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Actual

measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input capacitance, input voltage slew rate and final value of the input voltage as it appears at the converter.

These converters include a soft start circuit to moderate the duty cycle of its PWM controller at power up, thereby limiting the input inrush current.

The On/Off Remote Control interval from On command to Vout (final  $\pm 2\%$ ) assumes that the converter already has its input voltage stabilized above the Start-Up Threshold before the On command. The interval is measured from the On command until the output enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. The specification assumes that the output is fully loaded at maximum rated current. Similar conditions apply to the On to Vout regulated specification such as external load capacitance and soft start circuitry.

## Recommended Input Filtering

The user must assure that the input source has low AC impedance to provide dynamic stability and that the input supply has little or no inductive content, including long distributed wiring to a remote power supply. The converter will operate with no additional external capacitance if these conditions are met.

For best performance, we recommend installing a low-ESR capacitor immediately adjacent to the converter's input terminals. The capacitor should be a ceramic type such as the Murata GRM32 series or a polymer type. Make sure that the input terminals do not go below the undervoltage shutdown voltage at all times. More input bulk capacitance may be added in parallel (either electrolytic or tantalum) if needed.

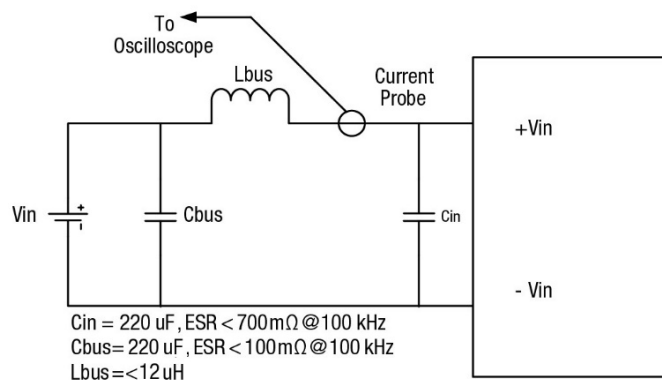
## Recommended Output Filtering

The converter will achieve its rated output ripple and noise with no additional external capacitor. However, the user may install more external output capacitance to reduce the ripple even further or for improved dynamic response. Again, use low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM32 series) or polymer capacitors. Mount these close to the converter. Measure the output ripple under your load conditions.

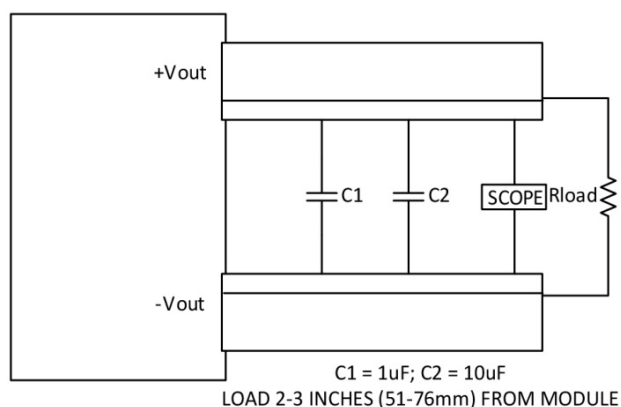
Use only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or possibly introduce instability. Do not exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications.

## Input Ripple Current and Output Noise

All models in this converter series are tested and specified for input reflected ripple current and output noise using designated external input/output components, circuits and layout as shown in the figures below. The Cbus and Lbus components simulate a typical DC voltage bus.



**Figure 5.** Measuring Input Ripple Current



**Figure 6.** Measuring Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)

## Output Over-Voltage Protection

The HBR output voltage is monitored for an over-voltage condition using a comparator. The signal is optically coupled to the primary side and if the output voltage rises to a level which could be damaging to the load, the sensing circuitry will disable the PWM controller drive causing the output voltage to decrease. It is referred to as “latch” mode.

## Minimum Output Loading Requirements

All models regulate within specification and are stable under no load to full load conditions. Operation under no load might however slightly increase output ripple and noise.

## Over-Temperature Protection

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the over-temperature is detected the module will shut down, and restart after the temperature is within specification.

## Output Fusing

The converter is extensively protected against current, voltage and temperature extremes. However, your output application circuit may need additional protection. In the extremely unlikely event of output circuit failure, excessive voltage could be applied to your circuit. Consider using an appropriate fuse in series with the output.

## Output Current Limiting

The modules include an internal output over-current protection circuit, which endure current limiting for an unlimited duration during output overload. If the output current exceeds the OCP set point, the module will shut down, and always try to restart (hiccup mode) until the over current condition is corrected.

## Output Short Circuit Condition

When a converter is in current-limit mode, the output voltage will drop as the output current demand increases. If the output voltage drops too low (approximately 97% of nominal output voltage for most models), the PWM controller will shut down. Following a time-out period, the PWM will restart, causing the output voltage to begin rising to its appropriate value. If the

short-circuit condition persists, another shutdown cycle will initiate. This rapid

on/off cycling is called "hiccup mode." The hiccup cycling reduces the average output current, thereby preventing excessive internal temperatures and/ or component damage.

The "hiccup" system differs from older latching short circuit systems because you do not have to power down the converter to make it restart. The system will automatically restore operation as soon as the short circuit condition is removed.

## Output Capacitive Load

These converters do not require external capacitance added to achieve rated specifications. Users should only consider adding capacitance to reduce switching noise and/ or to handle spike current load steps. Install only enough capacitance to achieve noise objectives. Excess external capacitance may cause degraded transient response and possible oscillation or instability.

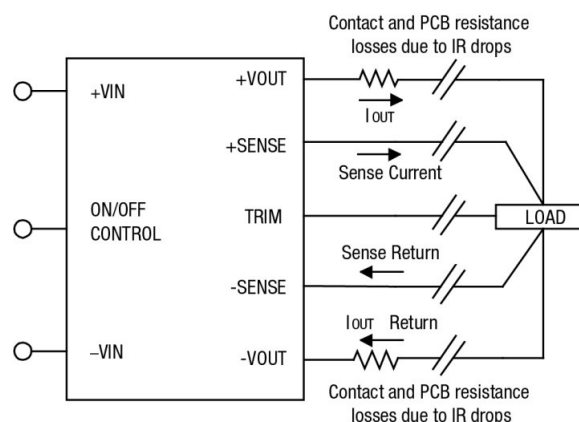
## Remote Sense Input

Use the Sense inputs with caution. Sense is normally connected at the load. Sense inputs compensate for output voltage inaccuracy delivered at the load. This is done by correcting IR voltage drops along the output wiring and the current carrying capacity of PC board etch. This output drop (the difference between Sense and Vout when measured at the converter) should not exceed 0.5V. Consider using heavier wire if this drop is excessive. Sense inputs also improve the stability of the converter and load system by optimizing the control loop phase margin.

**NOTE:** The Sense input and power Vout lines are internally connected through low value resistors to their respective polarities so that the converter can operate without external connection to the Sense. Nevertheless, if the Sense function is not used for remote regulation, the user should connect +Sense to +Vout and -Sense to -Vout at the converter pins.

The remote Sense lines carry very little current. They are also capacitively coupled to the output lines and therefore are in the feedback control loop to regulate and stabilize the output. As such, they are not low impedance inputs and must be treated with care in PC board layouts. Sense lines on the PCB should run adjacent to DC signals, preferably Ground. In cables and discrete wiring, use twisted pair, shielded tubing or similar techniques.

Any long, distributed wiring and/or significant inductance introduced into the Sense control loop can adversely affect overall system stability. If in doubt, test your applications by observing the converter's output transient response during step loads. There should not be any appreciable ringing or oscillation. You may also adjust the output trim slightly to compensate for voltage loss in any external filter elements. Do not exceed maximum power ratings.



**Figure 7.** Remote Sense Circuit Configuration

**NOTE:** Please observe Sense inputs tolerance to avoid improper operation: The value of the Output Sense Range depends on the Output voltage, which decreases as the increases of the output voltage.

Output overvoltage protection is monitored at the output voltage pin, not the Sense pin. Therefore, excessive voltage differences between Vout and Sense together with trim adjustment of the output can cause the overvoltage protection circuit to activate and shut down the output.

Power derating of the converter is based on the combination of maximum output current and the highest output voltage. Therefore, the designer must ensure: (Vout at pins) x (Iout) ≤ (Max. rated output power)

$[V_{out}(+) - V_{out}(-)] - [Sense(+) - Sense(-)] \leq \text{Output Sense Range}$

V <sub>o</sub>	12V	24V	54V
Output Sense Range	10%	5%	4%

## Trimming the Output Voltage

The Trim input to the converter allows the user to adjust the output voltage over the rated trim range (please refer to the Specifications). In the trim equations and circuit diagrams that follow, trim adjustments use either a trimpot or a single fixed resistor connected between the Trim input and either the +Sense or –Sense terminals. Trimming resistors should have a low temperature coefficient (±100 ppm/deg.C or less) and be mounted close to the converter. Keep leads short. If the trim function is not used, leave the trim unconnected. With no trim, the converter will exhibit its specified output voltage accuracy.

There are two CAUTIONs to observe for the Trim input:

**CAUTION:** To avoid unplanned power down cycles, do not exceed EITHER the maximum output voltage OR the maximum output power when setting the trim. Be particularly careful with a trimpot. If the output voltage is excessive, the OVP circuit may inadvertently shut down the converter. If the maximum power is exceeded, the converter may enter current limiting. If the power is exceeded for an extended period, the converter may overheat and encounter overtemperature shut down.

**CAUTION:** Be careful of external electrical noise. The Trim input is a sensitive input to the converter's feedback control loop. Excessive electrical noise may cause

instability or oscillation. Keep external connections short to the Trim input. Use shielding if needed.

## Trim Equations

### Trim Down:

Connect trim resistor between trim pin and –Sense

#### When V<sub>nom</sub>=12V

$$R_{Trimdn} (k\Omega) = 1 * \frac{V_{nom}}{V_{nom} - V_o} - 2$$

#### When V<sub>nom</sub>=24V

$$R_{Trimdn} (k\Omega) = 10 * \frac{V_{nom}}{V_{nom} - V_o} - 20$$

### Trim Up:

Connect trim resistor between trim pin and +Sense

#### When V<sub>nom</sub>=12V

$$R_{Trimup} (k\Omega) = \frac{1 * V_{nom} * (1 + \frac{V_o - V_{nom}}{V_{nom}})}{1.225 * \frac{V_o - V_{nom}}{V_{no}}} - 1 * \frac{V_{nom}}{V_o - V_{nom}} - 2$$

#### When V<sub>nom</sub>=24V

$$R_{Trimup} (k\Omega) = \frac{10 * V_{nom} * (1 + \frac{V_o - V_{nom}}{V_{nom}})}{1.225 * \frac{V_o - V_{nom}}{V_{no}}} - 10 * \frac{V_{nom}}{V_o - V_{nom}} - 20$$

### When V<sub>nom</sub>=12V

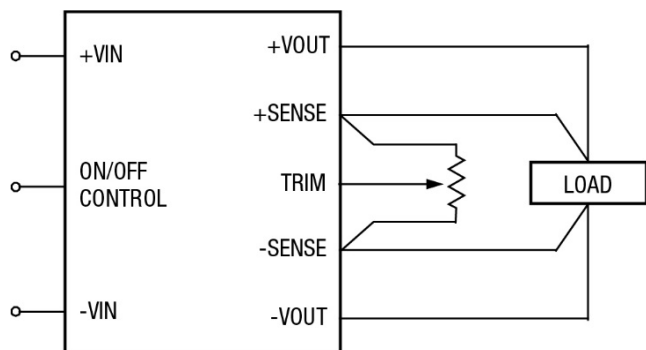
Output Voltage	10.8V	11.4V	12.6V	13.2V
Rtrim up (kΩ)	NA	NA	390.89	204.27
Rtrim down (kΩ)	8	18	NA	NA

### When V<sub>nom</sub>=24V

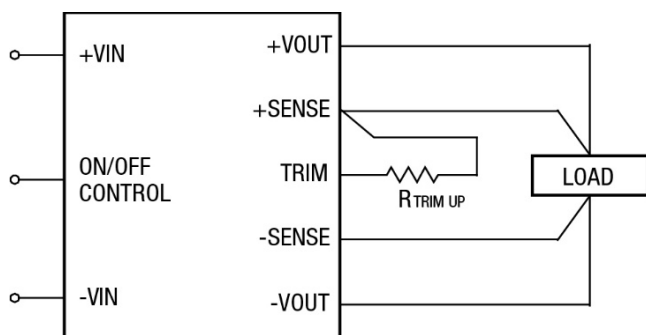
Output Voltage	21.6V	22.8V	25.2V	26.4V
Rtrim up (kΩ)	NA	NA	3908.86	2042.74
Rtrim down (kΩ)	80	180	NA	NA

Do not exceed the specified trim range or maximum power ratings when adjusting trim. Use 1% precision resistors mounted close to the converter on short leads. If sense is not installed, connect the trim resistor to the respective Vout pin.

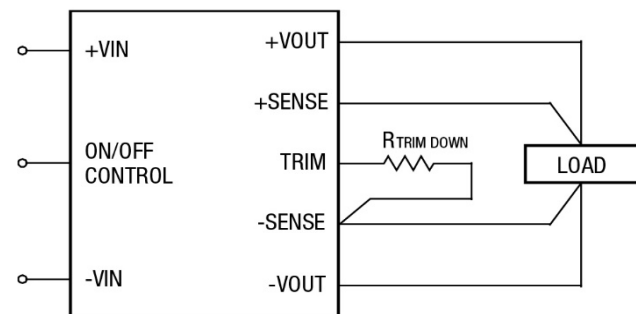
## Trim Circuits



**Figure 8.** Trim Connections Using a Trimpot



**Figure 9.** Trim Connections to Increase Output Voltage



**Figure 10.** Trim Connections to Decrease Output Voltage

## Through-Hole Soldering Guidelines

CALEX recommends the TH soldering specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Your production environment may differ; therefore, please thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

### Wave Solder Operations for Through-Hole mounted products (THMT)

#### For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:

Maximum Preheat Temperature	115° C.
Maximum Pot Temperature	270° C.
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	7 seconds

#### For Sn/Pb based solders:

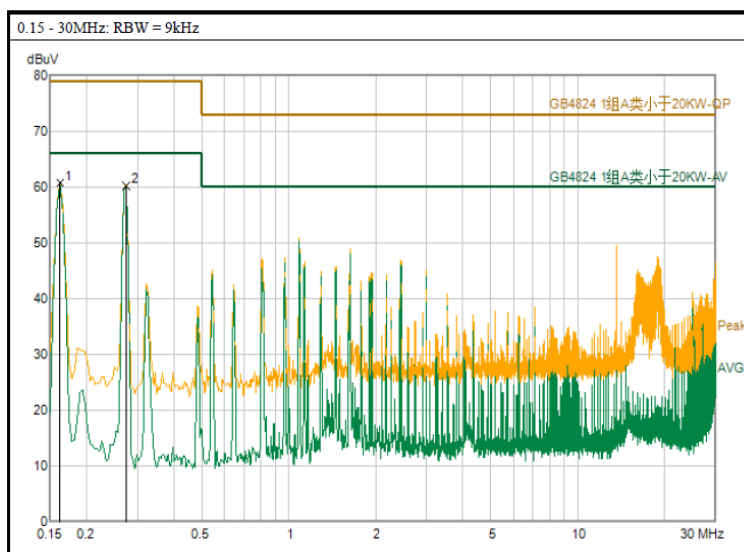
Maximum Preheat Temperature	105° C.
Maximum Pot Temperature	250° C.
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	6 seconds

## Qualification Tests

Parameters	Test Conditions	Operating
Vibration	EN 61373:2010 Clause 8, Bogie mounted	Yes
Mechanical Shock	EN 61373:2010 Clause 10, Bogie mounted	Yes
DMTBF (Life Test)	Vin nom, units at derating point, 35 days	Yes
Temperature Cycling Test (TCT)	-40°C to 125°C, unit temp. ramp 15°C/min., 500 cycles	Yes
Temperature, Humidity and Bias (THB)	85°C, 85RH, Vin=max, Load=min load, 1072 Hour (72 hours with a pre-conditioning soak, unpowered)	No
Damp heat test, cyclic	EN60068-2-30: Temperature +55°C and +25°C; Number of cycles 2 (respiration effect); Time 2 x 24 hours; Relative Humidity 95%	No
Dry heat test	EN60068-2-2, Vin=nom, Full load, 85°C for 6 hours.	Yes
Low Temperature operating	Vin=nom, Full load, -40°C for 2 hours.	Yes
Highly Accelerated Life Test (HALT)	High temperature limits, low temperature limits, Vibration limits, Combined Environmental Tests.	Yes
EMI	CISPR 22 Class A, or IEC62236-3-2 (GB/T 24338.4)	Yes
ESD	IEC6100-4-2: ±6kV contact discharge / ±8kV air discharge	Yes
Surge Protection	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	Yes
Solderability	IPC/EIAJ-STD-002B (Solderability Tests for Component Leads, Terminations, Lugs, Terminals and Wires)	No

## Conducted Emissions Test Results

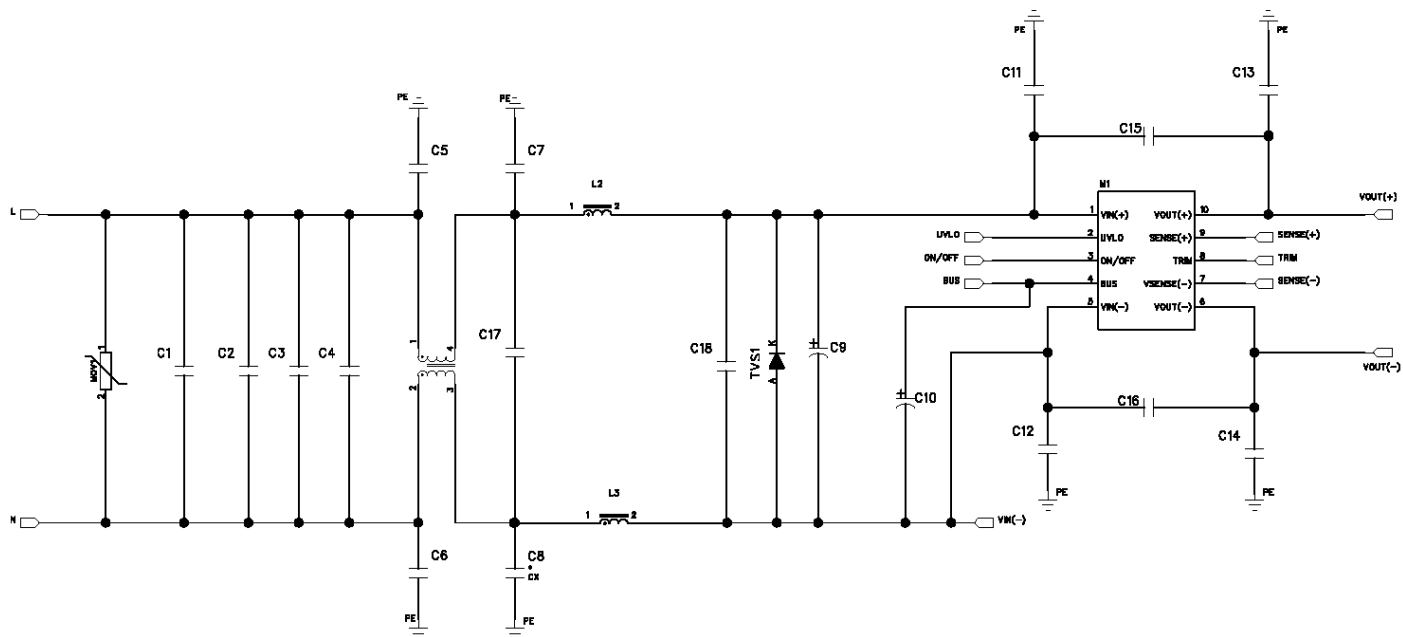
Vin = 48V, Line L



序号	频率 (MHz)	读值 (dBuV)	修正因子 (dB)	结果 (dBuV)	限值 (dBuV)	余量 (dB)	备注
1	0.162	36.67	24.07	60.74	66	5.26	平均值
2	0.274	36.22	24.01	60.23	66	5.77	平均值

注: 结果 = 读值 + 修正因子, 余量 = 限值 - 结果

## EMI Filter, Schematic & Parts List



Part	Manufacturer	MPN	Description
MOV	Epcos	B72214S0141K101	Varistor, 180V
C1	Faratronic	C212E475K9AC000	4.7uF, 250V
C2, C3, C4	Murata	GRM43DR72E474KW01L	0.47uF, 250V
C5, C6	Murata	DE1E3RA102MA4BQ01F	1000pF, 300VAC
C11, C12	Murata	DE2E3KY222MA3BM02F	2200pF
C13, C14	Murata	DE1E3KX102MB4BP01F	1000pF
C15, C16	Murata	DE1E3RA472MA4BQ01F	4700pF, 250V
L1	Würth	7448262013	2x1.3mH CMC
L2	Bourns	2101-V-RC	10uH
C9, C10	United Chemicon	EKXJ251EXX271ML40S	270uF, 250V low ESR
C7, C8, C17, C18		NA	Not used

**NOTICE:** Please use only this customer data sheet as product documentation when laying out your printed circuit boards and applying this product into your application. Do NOT use other materials as official documentation such as advertisements, product announcements, or website graphics.